UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Plaintiff,

v.

AMTRUST FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC., BARRY D. ZYSKIND, and RONALD E. PIPOLY, JR.,

Defendants.

Case No: 17-cv-1608

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE FEDERAL SECURITIES LAWS

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Plaintiff ("Plaintiff"), individually and on behalf of all other persons similarly situated, by Plaintiff's undersigned attorneys, for Plaintiff's complaint against Defendants (defined below), alleges the following based upon personal knowledge as to Plaintiff and Plaintiff's own acts, and information and belief as to all other matters, based upon, inter alia, the investigation conducted by and through her attorneys, which included, among other things, a review of the Defendants' public documents, conference calls and announcements made by Defendants, United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") filings, wire and press releases published by and regarding AmTrust Financial Services,

Inc. ("AmTrust" or the "Company"), and information readily obtainable on the Internet. Plaintiff believes that substantial evidentiary support will exist for the allegations set forth herein after a reasonable opportunity for discovery.

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This is a federal securities class action on behalf of a class consisting of all persons and entities other than Defendants who purchased or otherwise acquired the publicly traded securities of AmTrust from May 10, 2016 through February 24, 2017, both dates inclusive (the "Class Period"). Plaintiff seeks to recover compensable damages caused by Defendants' violations of the federal securities laws and to pursue remedies under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2. The claims asserted herein arise under and pursuant to Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. §§ 78j(b) and 78t(a)) and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder by the SEC (17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5).
- 3. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to Section 27 of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. §78aa).
- 4. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and Section 27 of the Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. § 78aa(c)) as the Company conducts business in this judicial district.
- 5. In connection with the acts, conduct and other wrongs alleged in this complaint, Defendants, directly or indirectly, used the means and instrumentalities of interstate commerce, including but not limited to, the United States mails, interstate telephone communications and the facilities of the national securities exchange.

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PARTIES

- 6. Plaintiff, as set forth in the accompanying certification, incorporated by reference herein, purchased AmTrust securities at artificially inflated prices during the Class Period and was economically damaged thereby.
- 7. Defendant AmTrust, through its subsidiaries, underwrites and provides property and casualty insurance in the United States and internationally. AmTrust is incorporated in Delaware and maintains an office at 17771 Cowan, Suite 100, Irvine, California. According to its Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 filed with the SEC on February 29, 2016, (the "2015 10-K"), 24.2% of its direct gross written premium for its Small Commercial Business segment and 38% of its direct written premiums for its Specialty Program segment came from California for 2015, the largest of any state. AmTrust securities trade on NASDAQ under the ticker "AFSI."
- 8. Defendant Barry D. Zyskind ("Zyskind") has been the Company's Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer throughout the Class Period.
- 9. Defendant Ronald E. Pipoly, Jr. ("Pipoly") has been the Company's Chief Financial Officer throughout the Class Period.
- 10. Defendants Zyskind and Pipoly are collectively referred to herein as the "Individual Defendants."
 - 11. Each of the Individual Defendants:
 - a. directly participated in the management of the Company;
 - b. was directly involved in the day-to-day operations of the Company at the highest levels;
 - was privy to confidential proprietary information concerning the
 Company and its business and operations;
 - d. was directly or indirectly involved in drafting, producing, reviewing and/or disseminating the false and misleading statements and information alleged herein;

- e. was directly or indirectly involved in the oversight or implementation of the Company's internal controls;
- f. was aware of or recklessly disregarded the fact that the false and misleading statements were being issued concerning the Company; and/or
- g. approved or ratified these statements in violation of the federal securities laws.
- 12. AmTrust is liable for the acts of the Individual Defendants and its employees under the doctrine of *respondeat superior* and common law principles of agency because all of the wrongful acts complained of herein were carried out within the scope of their employment.
- 13. The scienter of the Individual Defendants and other employees and agents of the Company is similarly imputed to AmTrust under *respondeat superior* and agency principles.
- 14. Defendants AmTrust and Individual Defendants are collectively referred to herein as "Defendants."

SUBSTANTIVE ALLEGATIONS

Background

15. The Company's 2015 10-K stated that "the CEO and CFO have concluded that our internal control over financial reporting is effective as of December 31, 2015."

Materially False and Misleading Statements Issued During the Class Period

16. On May 10, 2016, the Company filed a Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2016 (the "1Q16 10-Q") with the SEC. The 1Q16 10-Q was signed by Defendants Zyskind and Pipoly. Attached to the 1Q16 10-Q were certifications pursuant to the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 ("SOX") signed by Defendants Zyskind and Pipoly attesting to the accuracy of the financial statements,

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27 28 the disclosure of any material changes to the Company's internal control over financial reporting and the disclosure all fraud was disclosed.

The 1Q16 10-Q discussed the Company's internal controls over 17. financial reporting, stating in relevant part:

During the most recent fiscal quarter, there have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

- On August 9, 2016 the Company filed a Form 10-Q for the quarterly 18. period ended June 30, 2016 (the "2Q16 10-Q") with the SEC. The 2Q16 10-Q was signed by Defendants Zyskind and Pipoly. Attached to the 2Q16 10-Q were SOX certifications signed by Defendants Zyskind and Pipoly attesting to the accuracy of the financial statements, the disclosure of any material changes to the Company's internal control over financial reporting and the disclosure all fraud was disclosed.
- The 2Q16 10-Q discussed the Company's internal controls over 19. financial reporting, stating in relevant part:

During the most recent fiscal quarter, there have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

20. On November 14, 2016 the Company filed a Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2016 (the "3Q16 10-Q") with the SEC. The 3Q16 10-Q was signed by Defendants Zyskind and Pipoly. Attached to the 3Q16 10-Q were SOX certifications signed by Defendants Zyskind and Pipoly attesting to the accuracy of the financial statements, the disclosure of any material changes to the Company's internal control over financial reporting and the disclosure all fraud was disclosed.

21. The 3Q16 10-Q discussed the Company's internal controls over financial reporting, stating in relevant part:

During the most recent fiscal quarter, there have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

22. The statements contained in ¶¶ 16-21 were materially false and/or misleading because they misrepresented and failed to disclose the following adverse facts pertaining to the Company's business, operations and prospects, which were known to Defendants or recklessly disregarded by them. Specifically, Defendants made false and/or misleading statements and/or failed to disclose that: (1) the Company had ineffective assessment of the risks associated with the financial reporting; (2) the Company had an insufficient complement of corporate accounting and corporate financial reporting resources within the organization; (3) in turn, the Company lacked effective controls over financial reporting; and (4) as a result, Defendants' statements about the Company's business, operations, and prospects, were materially false and misleading and/or lacked a reasonable basis at all relevant times.

The Truth Emerges

23. On February 27, 2017, the Company issued a press release revealing that it had identified material weaknesses in its internal control over financial reporting that existed as of December 31, 2016, stating in relevant part:

Update on Anticipated Timing of 10-K Filing

On or before March 1, 2017, AmTrust intends to file a Form 12b-25 with the Securities and Exchange Commission providing the Company an automatic 15-day extension to file its Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. As previously disclosed, the Company appointed a new independent registered public accounting firm on April 1, 2016. Additional time is needed for the Company to complete its consolidated

financial statements and assessment of internal controls over financial reporting for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, and, as a consequence, for the Company's auditor, KPMG LLP, to complete its audit procedures and audit of the consolidated financial statements included in the Form 10-K. The Company expects to file the Annual Report on Form 10-K within the 15-day extension period provided by Rule 12b-25.

In addition, the Company expects to make immaterial corrections to errors in its financial statements for fiscal years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 and certain financial information for fiscal years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 for inclusion in the Form 10-K and these processes have not been completed. The Company is still evaluating corrections to its historical quarterly financial statements within these fiscal years. For a further explanation, please see footnote (1) below.

In connection with the foregoing, the Company expects to disclose in the Form 10-K that, as part of its evaluation of its internal controls over financial reporting as required by Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the Company identified material weaknesses in its internal control over financial reporting that existed as of December 31, 2016, specifically related to ineffective assessment of the risks associated with the financial reporting, and an insufficient complement of corporate accounting and corporate financial reporting resources within the organization. As the Company completes the preparation of its financial statements and the related audit process for fiscal year 2016, additional adjustments and/or material weaknesses could be identified. While the Company believes that significant progress has been made in enhancing internal controls as of December 31, 2016 and in the period since, the material weaknesses have not been fully remediated due to insufficient time to fully implement and assess the design and operating effectiveness of the related controls. The Company will continue the process to enhance internal controls throughout 2017.

(Emphasis added).

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- 24. On this news, shares of AmTrust fell \$5.32 per share or over 19% from its previous closing price to close at \$22.34 per share on February 27, 2017, damaging investors.
- 25. As a result of Defendants' wrongful acts and omissions, and the precipitous decline in the market value of the Company's securities, Plaintiff and other Class members have suffered significant losses and damages.

PLAINTIFF'S CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 26. Plaintiff brings this action as a class action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(a) and (b)(3) on behalf of a class consisting of all persons other than defendants who acquired AmTrust securities publicly traded on NASDAQ during the Class Period and who were damaged thereby (the "Class"). Excluded from the Class are Defendants, the officers and directors of AmTrust, members of the Individual Defendants' immediate families and their legal representatives, heirs, successors or assigns and any entity in which Officer or Director Defendants have or had a controlling interest.
- 27. The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. Throughout the Class Period, AmTrust securities were actively traded on NASDAQ. While the exact number of Class members is unknown to Plaintiff at this time and can be ascertained only through appropriate discovery, Plaintiff believes that there are hundreds, if not thousands of members in the proposed Class.
- 28. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the members of the Class as all members of the Class are similarly affected by defendants' wrongful conduct in violation of federal law that is complained of herein.
- 29. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Class and has retained counsel competent and experienced in class and securities litigation. Plaintiff has no interests antagonistic to or in conflict with those of the Class.

- 30. Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Class and predominate over any questions solely affecting individual members of the Class. Among the questions of law and fact common to the Class are:
 - a. whether the Exchange Act was violated by Defendants' acts as alleged herein;
 - b. whether statements made by Defendants to the investing public during the Class Period misrepresented material facts about the financial condition and business AmTrust;
 - c. whether Defendants' public statements to the investing public during the Class Period omitted material facts necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading;
 - d. whether the Defendants caused the Company to issue false and misleading SEC filings during the Class Period;
 - e. whether Defendants acted knowingly or recklessly in issuing false and SEC filing
 - f. whether the prices of AmTrust's securities during the Class Period were artificially inflated because of the Defendants' conduct complained of herein; and
 - g. whether the members of the Class have sustained damages and, if so, what is the proper measure of damages.
- 31. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy since joinder of all members is impracticable. Furthermore, as the damages suffered by individual Class members may be relatively small, the expense and burden of individual litigation make it impossible for members of the Class to individually redress the wrongs done to them. There will be no difficulty in the management of this action as a class action.

- 32. Plaintiff will rely, in part, upon the presumption of reliance established by the fraud-on-the-market doctrine in that:
 - a. AmTrust securities met the requirements for listing, and were listed and actively traded on NASDAQ, a highly efficient and automated market;
 - b. As a public issuer, the Company filed periodic public reports with the SEC and NASDAQ;
 - c. The Company regularly communicated with public investors via established market communication mechanisms, including through the regular dissemination of press releases via major newswire services and through other wide-ranging public disclosures, such as communications with the financial press and other similar reporting services; and
 - d. The Company was followed by a number of securities analysts employed by major brokerage firms who wrote reports that were widely distributed and publicly available.
- 33. Based on the foregoing, the market for AmTrust securities promptly digested current information regarding the Company from all publicly available sources and reflected such information in the prices of the shares, and Plaintiff and the members of the Class are entitled to a presumption of reliance upon the integrity of the market.
- 34. Alternatively, Plaintiff and the members of the Class are entitled to the presumption of reliance established by the Supreme Court in *Affiliated Ute Citizens* of the State of Utah v. United States, 406 U.S. 128 (1972), as Defendants omitted material information in their Class Period statements in violation of a duty to disclose such information as detailed above.

COUNT I

For Violations of Section 10(b) And Rule 10b-5 Promulgated Thereunder Against All Defendants

- 35. Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained above as if fully set forth herein.
- 36. This Count is asserted against Defendants is based upon Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder by the SEC.
- 37. During the Class Period, Defendants, individually and in concert, directly or indirectly, disseminated or approved the false statements specified above, which they knew or deliberately disregarded were misleading in that they contained misrepresentations and failed to disclose material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.
- 38. Defendants violated §10(b) of the 1934 Act and Rule 10b-5 in that they: employed devices, schemes and artifices to defraud; made untrue statements of material facts or omitted to state material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; or engaged in acts, practices and a course of business that operated as a fraud or deceit upon plaintiff and others similarly situated in connection with their purchases of AmTrust securities during the Class Period.
- 39. Defendants acted with scienter in that they knew that the public documents and statements issued or disseminated in the name of the Company were materially false and misleading; knew that such statements or documents would be issued or disseminated to the investing public; and knowingly and substantially participated, or acquiesced in the issuance or dissemination of such statements or documents as primary violations of the securities laws. These defendants by virtue of their receipt of information reflecting the true facts of AmTrust, their control

over, and/or receipt and/or modification of the Company's allegedly materially misleading statements, and/or their associations with the Company which made them privy to confidential proprietary information concerning the Company, participated in the fraudulent scheme alleged herein.

- 40. Individual Defendants, who are the senior officers and/or directors of the Company, had actual knowledge of the material omissions and/or the falsity of the material statements set forth above, and intended to deceive Plaintiff and the other members of the Class, or, in the alternative, acted with reckless disregard for the truth when they failed to ascertain and disclose the true facts in the statements made by them or other Company personnel to members of the investing public, including Plaintiff and the Class.
- 41. As a result of the foregoing, the market price of AmTrust securities was artificially inflated during the Class Period. In ignorance of the falsity of Defendants' statements, Plaintiff and the other members of the Class relied on the statements described above and/or the integrity of the market price of AmTrust securities during the Class Period in purchasing AmTrust securities at prices that were artificially inflated as a result of Defendants' false and misleading statements.
- 42. Had Plaintiff and the other members of the Class been aware that the market price of AmTrust securities had been artificially and falsely inflated by Defendants' misleading statements and by the material adverse information which Defendants did not disclose, they would not have purchased AmTrust securities at the artificially inflated prices that they did, or at all.
- 43. As a result of the wrongful conduct alleged herein, Plaintiff and other members of the Class have suffered damages in an amount to be established at trial.
- 44. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants have violated Section 10(b) of the 1934 Act and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder and are liable to the plaintiff and the other members of the Class for substantial damages which they suffered in connection with their purchase of AmTrust securities during the Class Period.

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COUNT II

Violations of Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act Against the Individual **Defendants**

- Plaintiff repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained in 45. the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- During the Class Period, the Individual Defendants participated in the 46. operation and management of the Company, and conducted and participated, directly and indirectly, in the conduct of the Company's business affairs. Because of their senior positions, they knew the adverse non-public information about AmTrust's misstatement of revenue and profit and false financial statements.
- As officers and/or directors of a publicly owned company, the 47. Individual Defendants had a duty to disseminate accurate and truthful information with respect to the Company's financial condition and results of operations, and to correct promptly any public statements issued by the Company which had become materially false or misleading.
- Because of their positions of control and authority as senior officers, 48. the Individual Defendants were able to, and did, control the contents of the various reports, press releases and public filings which the Company disseminated in the marketplace during the Class Period concerning the Company's results of operations. Throughout the Class Period, the Individual Defendants exercised their power and authority to cause the Company to engage in the wrongful acts complained of herein. The Individual Defendants therefore, were "controlling persons" of the Company within the meaning of Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act. In this capacity, they participated in the unlawful conduct alleged which artificially inflated the market price of AmTrust securities.
- 49. By reason of the above conduct, the Individual Defendants are liable pursuant to Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act for the violations committed by The Company.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, on behalf of herself and the Class, prays for judgment and relief as follows:

- (a) declaring this action to be a proper class action, designating plaintiff as Lead Plaintiff and certifying plaintiff as a class representative under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and designating plaintiff's counsel as Lead Counsel;
- (b) awarding damages in favor of plaintiff and the other Class members against all defendants, jointly and severally, together with interest thereon;
- (c) awarding plaintiff and the Class reasonable costs and expenses incurred in this action, including counsel fees and expert fees; and
- (d) awarding plaintiff and other members of the Class such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury.

Dated: February 28, 2017